

PP8. RESEARCH OF COMPLEXES OF GOSSYPOL DERIVATIVES

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Gossypol is a natural polyphenol, a yellow pigment extracted from the *Gossypium* plant (cotton plant). The structural properties of gossypol and its derivatives and the possibility of chemical modification of their structure make it possible to increase effective drugs. A number of preparations based on gossypol and the scientists of the «Low molecular biologically active compounds» laboratory at the Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry AS RUz, which are currently used in medical practice, have created its derivatives. In order to expand the production of local medicines created because of gossypol, large-scale research and development work is ongoing. At the same time, continuing our scientific research, the Schiff base with gossypol 2-amino-5-methylpyridine was synthesized. A complex was obtained by modifying the azomethine derivative of this gossypol with NiCl₂·H₂O. Physico-chemical dimensions, structure and individuality of the obtained complex were comparatively studied using modern UV- and IR-spectroscopy methods. The following results were obtained when the IR spectrum of 2-amino-5-methylpyridine was analyzed. Accordingly, the absorption maxima of the valence vibration of the -NH₂ group, the valence vibrations of the -N=C bond and the valence vibrations of the Ar-CH₃ bond were determined due to the valence vibrations of the -C=C bond. When analyzing the IR-spectrum of the Schiff base formed by gossypol with 2-amino-5-methylpyridine, the absorption maxima belonging to the NH₂ group and the absorption maxima caused by the valence vibrations of the new -N=CH-bond were formed. According to the analysis of IR spectrum of Gossypol Schiff base complex with NiCl₂·H₂O, absorption maxima caused by valence vibrations of -N=CH bond did not change and absorption maxima caused by hydrogen bonds in the complex were determined. Based on the obtained results, the structural formula of the new complex was confirmed. Currently, studies on crystal growth and biological activity of the obtained complex are being continued.